

OKLAHOMA WEATHER
Fair tonight, colder in north-
west portion; Wednesday fair.

THE ADA EVENING NEWS

All the News
While it is News

VOLUME XIX NUMBER 239

ADA, OKLAHOMA, TUESDAY, JANUARY 2, 1923

FIVE CENTS THE COPY

GIGANTIC BANK CONSOLIDATION HERE

Fisher-Jones Row Rests for Final Action

INJUNCTION NOW SOUGHT BY CHIEF TO STAY ORDERS

Controversy Arises When
Mayor Appoints Man in
Fire Department.

JONES STICKS TO JOB

Mayor Firm in Demand
His Orders Be Carried
Out in Department.

Commissioners this afternoon passed over until Tuesday, January 9, all action on the case of the fire department controversy, involving the dismissal of Somer Jones, fire chief. Formal charges of insubordination will be preferred against Jones by Mayor Fisher and the commissioners will pass on the testimony offered. U. G. Winn appeared for Chief Jones.

Jones stated following the conclusion of the commissioners' meeting that he would seek an injunction restraining the mayor from taking further action until the conclusion of the case on Tuesday. Petition for the injunction were to be filed this afternoon, he said. In the meantime the present force of firemen will remain at their posts, Jones declared.

New years in city administration started with a bang Monday when a controversy arose between Mayor W. H. Fisher and Fire Chief Somer Jones and resulted before nightfall in the dismissal of the chief and nomination of his successor, appointment tentatively of new firemen and a general "revolution" in city administration concerning the department.

Jack Maxey has been nominated to succeed Jones and will be either accepted or rejected at the commissioners' meeting this afternoon. He is an experienced fireman and probably will have several new men on his staff of assistants, according to indications from the mayor's office.

Mayor Fisher today refused to say changes would be made in the personnel of firemen, but said that he had tentatively appointed several new men, who will be accepted in event any of the men now on duty go out with Chief Jones. It is understood that most of the men now employed will refuse to support Maxey, and will make necessary the appointment of new firemen, Mayor Fisher said, however, that the men he had selected were experienced.

When the old year expired there was harmony in all city official circles. Today there was much confusion and some hard feeling. Mayor Fisher and Somer Jones both declared that on their part there was no hard feeling, however, and up until last night expressed hope that the difficulties would be settled without any drastic action.

Controversy Over Appointment.
The controversy started over a difference of opinion as to an appointment to the department. Jack Price, who has been a member of the department for several months, had tentatively decided to resign early in December, according to both Jones and the mayor. Mr. Jones said, however, that he had not made any recommendations as to who should succeed Price. Mayor Fisher said that he took the matter in his own hands, as is provided by the city charter, and promised the job to another man.

On January 1 the man appointed by Mayor Fisher reported for work. In the meantime Chief Jones had accepted Price, who decided he would withdraw his resignation. Mayor Fisher said the resignation had already been accepted and must stand accepted and that Price was not any longer on the city payroll as a fireman. He gave Price the privilege of placing an application, however, and the promise of the next job which opened on the force.

Mr. Jones, declaring that Mayor Fisher had placed the selection and rejection of men in his hands, did not accept the appointment of the man named by Mayor Fisher. He declared the man was inexperienced and that members of the vol-

HERRICK TAKES VIEWS AT PREMIERS' PARLEY

(By the Associated Press)
PARIS, Jan. 2.—Myron T. Herrick, American ambassador to France has arrived in Paris from Cannes and with Robert W. Boyden, the American representative, with the reparation commission, will watch developments closely during the premiers' conference and keep Secretary of State Hughes well informed on the progress made.

ADMINISTRATION ACCEPTS CAUCUS

Anglin and Gibbons Win in
Leadership Fights; Get
Walton Backing.

(By the Associated Press)
OKLAHOMA CITY, Jan. 2.—Governor-elect J. C. Walton again scored a landslide and the administration rode into power with the party caucus Monday night, which named Tom Anglin, of Holdenville, president pro tempore of the senate and Murray Gibbons of Purcell speaker of the house. McAllister was re-elected secretary of the senate and state election board by acclamation.

W. J. Holloway, of Hugo, who has been considered a strong candidate for senate leadership, bowed to the will of the caucus and withdrew in favor of Anglin. Dave Stovall of Hugo, dark horse in the race for speaker of the house, fell before the administration strength and Murray Gibbons backed by the Reconstruction League was swept into office.

Both candidates from Hugo were unable to stem the tide of strong Walton support.

Hudson Unopposed as Chairman.
Wash Hudson was nominated for caucus chairman by Clark Nichols of Eufaula, and was unopposed. Carl Monk of McAlester was named secretary. Monk then nominated Anglin for president pro tempore, and Holloway, in a swan song that pledged his earnest support to his opponent, seconded the nomination.

Members named to the committee on committees were: Clark Nichols, Ross Lillard and Joseph C. Looney of Ada; at large, W. M. Gulager, Muskogee, First district; Charles E. McPherson of Durant, Second district; C. M. Feunquay of Chandler, Third district; L. L. West of Hydro, Fourth district; Wallace G. Hughes of Guymon, Fifth district.

Dick Louthan of Chickasha was elected sergeant-at-arms. Rev. W. M. Wilson of Oklahoma City was chosen chaplain. Jennings McBride was messenger; William Cordell was re-elected reading clerk and E. B. Collins is to head the engrossing and enrolling department.

LEGION PROPOSITION TO BE
DISCUSSED AT MEETING
The home building loan plan, sponsored by the Norman Howard post, American Legion, will be threshed out at a meeting of officers and members at the Chamber of Commerce rooms Thursday evening, according to an announcement of Clint Miers, adjutant.

Supreme Court Convenes.
(By the Associated Press)
WASHINGTON, Jan. 2.—After three weeks recess the supreme court met today and began the delivery of opinions as soon as Associate Justice Pierce Butler had been inducted into office.

INTEREST TURNS TO NEW PATH IN LOUISIANA CASE

Another Company Guards
Dispatched for Duty
at Bastrop.

KIDNAPPING MYSTERY

Federal Agents in Search
for Tegerstrom; Trial
Starts Friday.

(By the Associated Press)
BASTROP, Jan. 2.—Morsehouse started the new year with another mystery to solve, the disappearance of Harold Tegerstrom, son of a wealthy gas and oil field operator, acting time keeper at a Spiker carbon plant, and regarded as a prospective witness in the forthcoming state investigation into masked band activities in connection with the recent kidnapping and slaying of Watt Daniels and Thomas Fletcher Richards of Mer Rouge.

Department of justice agents sent into Louisiana in solving the mystery of the disappearance of Daniels and Richards and other alleged masked band operations centered their interests today in an effort to locate the missing man. Thus far the search has not been fruitful.

One of the investigators who had charge of the inquiry into the disappearance of Tegerstrom, stated last night to newspaper men he had positive information the carbon worker was kidnapped.

Tegerstrom disappeared from the company plant Friday night immediately after he responded to a summons from the outside.

JENNINGS, Jan. 2.—The Jennings company of the Louisiana National guard under command of Major Miller tonight entrained for Bastrop, Morehouse parish.

This will bring the national guard units in Morehouse to four, the others being Morehouse and Alexandria infantry, and New Orleans machine gun company.

The movement is in connection with the investigation and hearings in the Morehouse kidnapping and murders.

SEVERAL INJURED WHEN
FLYER LEAVES RAILS
(By the Associated Press)
MACON, Ga., Jan. 2.—Two persons were seriously injured and seven others hurt when the Dixie Flyer, north bound, from Jacksonville to Chicago, was derailed six miles west of Macon, near Revioli this morning at 6:43 o'clock. Several of the injured were brought to local hospitals where their injuries were treated.

The two day coaches, one sleeper and the dining car were disconnected from the other coaches and plunged down a 15-foot embankment.

MURDER INDICTMENT AGAINST
WARD IS DISMISSED
(By the Associated Press)
WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., Jan. 2.—Superior Court Justice Seger today dismissed an indictment charging first degree murder against Walter S. Ward, wealthy banker's son, holding the prosecution had invaded the defendant's rights in delaying the trial of the case. Ward was indicted for the slaying of Clarence Peters last May.

WORKER DESERTS STEAM LAUNDRY FOR OPERA FAME



Giuseppe Argentino, formerly a Philadelphia laundry worker, may soon be hailed as a worthy successor to the great and only Enrico Caruso, operatic tenor. Vocal possibilities of Argentino were discovered while he was wasting his lyric sweetness on the super-saturated atmosphere of the laundry where he worked. Now his voice is being trained and his sponsors have great hopes for his future.

SALARY RAISE IS LEGISLATURE TALK

Ninth Legislature Settles
Down to Business; New
Bills Introduced.

(By the Associated Press)
OKLAHOMA CITY, Jan. 2.—A seller of whiskey which caused the death of any person would be guilty of murder under a bill introduced in the senate today by Senator Harry D. Cordell of Maniton.

It was the first measure presented to the senate following the convening of the ninth Oklahoma Legislature this morning.

A second bill introduced by Senator Correll would make the possession of any sort of distilling apparatus a felony.

The senate was called to order promptly at noon by Lieut. Governor M. E. Trapp. The invocation was delivered by the Rev. W. M. Wilson, senate chaplain, following the confirmation of the action of the committee on employment and the seating of Tom Anglin, president pro tempore, the senate recessed and joined the lower house chamber to hear Governor Robertson's farewell address.

A bill to increase the salaries of all state officials on an average of 100 per cent was introduced in the senate by Clark Nichols, democrat of Eufaula.

The proposed salaries were: governor, \$12,000; lieutenant governor, \$2,500; secretary of state, \$5,000; state auditor, \$5,000; attorney general, \$6,000; state treasurer, \$6,000; superintendent of public instruction, \$5,000; chief mine inspector, \$5,000; commissioner of charities and corrections, \$5,000; commissioner of insurance, \$5,000; president of the board of agriculture, \$5,000; corporation commissioners, \$6,000.

Four Men Killed,
Five Injured as
Steel Wedge Falls
(By the Associated Press)
SHARON, Pa., Jan. 2.—Four men were killed and five others injured at the Petroleum Iron Works at Masury, Ohio, one mile from here this morning when they were caught under a 600-ton hydraulic press. Two of the bodies have not been recovered.

Nine men were working under the press when it collapsed. Five succeeded in getting out before the mass of steel settled. They were injured by falling debris.

SAPULPA GUARDS STAY OUTBREAK AFTER KILLING

Negroes Ambush Policemen
—One Killed, Four are
Injured in Fray.

FOUR HOUSES BURNED

Dividing Line Established
to Prevent Racial War;
Man Hunt Started.

(By the Associated Press)
SAPULPA, Jan. 2.—Armed guards today patrolled the dividing line between the white and negro districts of the city with orders to permit no persons to enter the negro district and keep negroes in their own area with other special deputies watching all roads in this vicinity in an effort to apprehend the negroes, who late last night ambushed five policemen, killing one and wounding the other four.

The "dead line" was established as a precaution, authorities explained, following a fire in the negro district a few hours after the attack on the policemen which destroyed four buildings, three of which were owned by Ed Glass, one of the negroes believed to have been in the gang.

The order separating the two races however, permits the negroes who are employed in the city proper to go to and from their work.

The fire was seen to break out simultaneously in three buildings which Glass owned. While the blaze was raging, hundreds of cartridges exploded indicating the authorities said, that a quantity of ammunition had been concealed within one of the buildings. Another structure caught fire within a few minutes afterwards and all four buildings had burned to the ground. They included a cafe, undertaking establishment and two rooming houses.

So far officers have been unable to ascertain the origin of the fires.

SAPULPA, Jan. 2.—Officers and armed citizens were scouring the hilly country north of here today for four negroes, who killed one policeman and wounded four others last night when officers went to the negro district in response to a mysterious telephone call.

While the town is aroused over the attack upon the police no racial trouble is feared by the city authorities. The town was quiet early this morning. The white citizenship and the bulk of the negroes are interested only in having the four negroes who did the shooting captured, said the officer in charge at police headquarters. A telephone call was received by the police last night reporting trouble at a certain address in the negro district. Five officers were sent out to investigate. They found no disturbance and instituted a search of the district.

They noticed that lights were darkened in a negro cafe and stepped up on the porch in the glare of a light outside.

Without warning a hail of bullets came from inside. Officers S. L. Bramley led with his revolver in his holster and his four companions, Jess Hildreth, Arthur Adams, D. S. Loveland and Floyd Sellers received bullet wounds. The tip of Adams' nose was shot away and other officers were struck in the legs. None are seriously wounded.

The negroes ran out a side door of the cafe before reinforcements arrived and it is believed they obtained a motor car and drove out of the city.

MILLIONAIRE'S WIDOW ARRESTED FOR MURDER

(By the Associated Press)
BEAUMONT, Tex., Jan. 2.—Arrested at high noon on New Years day Mrs. Lillian Knox, widow of the late Hiram Knox, millionaire lumberman, spent the rest of the day in the Sabine county jail at Hemphill on a charge of murdering her husband. She submitted to arrest without protest and saw no one while in her cell, except her servant who called to attend to her wants.

Incidentally Mrs. Knox's arrest was the last official act of Sheriff W. H. Alford of Sabine county. After he had turned the key in the lock of Mrs. Knox's cell, he relinquished his office to his successor, E. W. Nations.

CLARA BOBS UP IN NEW QUARTER

Officers Hang Hopes of
Capturing Murderess
on New Clue.

(By the Associated Press)
LOS ANGELES, Jan. 2.—Renewed search for the whereabouts of Mrs. Clara Phillips, "hammer murderess," who escaped from the Los Angeles county jail December 5, centered today on a note found about 100 feet from a cabin in a lonely canyon near Los Angeles where sheriff's deputies declared last night they were convinced she had hidden for at least four days after her jail break.

The note, weighed down by a rock and partly concealed in brush on the trail to the cabin, read:

"Clara, will see you Wednesday night. For God's sake be careful."

Officers said they would compare the handwriting of the note with that of the person under surveillance as having aided Mrs. Phillips in escaping. The message was written in a masculine hand on the margin of a newspaper and officers said that it was regarded as authentic.

It was announced from the sheriff's office that Armour Lee Phillips, the murderess' husband, had purchased groceries at a store near the cabin during the four days following her escape and that another man had called for them and presumably delivered them at the cabin.

A re-questioning of Phillips was planned, the officials said.

DISPATCH CLAIMS EXECUTION FOUR REBELS IN IRELAND

(By the Associated Press)
LONDON, Jan. 2.—A dispatch from the Dublin correspondent of the Evening Standard says the four rebels recently arrested in the Tray-le district were executed by the Free State today.

Their names were given as Matthew Maroneyn, Thomas Devane, Cornelius Casey and Dermot O'Connor.

REPORTED DIFFERENCES IN
CHINA NOW SETTLED
(By the Associated Press)
PEKING, Jan. 2.—An unconfirmed report was in circulation here today that the different factions of the Canton or south China government, had settled their difficulties and that the southern party was prepared to recognize the Peking administration as representing a reunited China.

DeMolay Tonight.
All members of the Ada Chapter, Order of DeMolay are urged to attend the first business session of the new year which will be held at the Masonic hall tonight.

FIRST NATIONAL AND M-P BANKS COMBINE TODAY

Norris Becomes Chairman
Board of Directors and
Jackson President.

STRONG INSTITUTION

Officials and Employees of
Both Banks Retained
for Present.

The First National Bank and the Merchants and Planters National Bank of this place, have consolidated and will continue business under the name of the First National bank of Ada. Business for both of the former institutions opened in The First National Bank building this morning.

Officers of the consolidated bank are P. A. Norris, chairman of the board of directors; F. P. Lienallen, L. C. Kelley, N. B. Haney and J. A. Smith, vice-presidents; J. I. McCauley, cashier. Clerical forces of both banks remain for the present.

Norris Retains Interest.
Mr. Norris, former president retains a substantial interest and will be instrumental in directing the policies of the bank. The consolidation of these two national banks makes one of the strongest financial institutions in the state and is the largest in the southeastern district. The combined assets are approximately \$2,900,000.00. The men who are to be active in the control are well known financiers and bankers.

Mr. Norris is too well known to need an introduction. His work speaks for itself. The First National Bank is a worthy monument of genius and ability and it will continue to hold a large share of his active interest. Mr. Norris last summer organized the Choctaw Cotton Oil company, taking over the entire interests of the Osgood Cotton Oil company. This giant industry demands practically all his time, leading him to sell an interest in the bank that he might gain assistance in the management. He will continue to lend both moral and material assistance to its support.

Mr. Jackson is the president of several banks on the west side of the state and has strong connections with some of the leading banks of the Southwest. His work in reorganizing the now liquidated Merchants and Planters National bank, clearing it of debt and putting it in the vanguard of the business enterprises of the city, bespeaks confidence in his ability.

Lienallen May Return.
Mr. Lienallen, who is contemplating taking up his residence again in Ada in the summer and be active in the administration of the bank's affairs, was for a long time a prominent attorney here. Later he went into the oil business and has made good in a big way.

Wherever he is known, he is recognized as a man of sterling worth, sound integrity and noted for his loyalty to his friends.

Mr. Kelley is an able financier of Kansas, being one of the active vice-presidents of the Fourth National bank of Wichita.

Jackson's Statement.
In speaking of the merger this morning, Mr. Jackson said:

"Every effort will be made to take care of the customers of the combined banks in the best manner possible. Increased facilities will permit us to render a service more desirable than either bank could have done separately. The same policy of courtesy and service that has built each bank will be continued."

Strong Bank Facilities.
Mr. Norris at noon said:

"While this combination leaves Ada with only three banks, it gives the city probably the strongest banking facilities of any city of its size in the state. The Oklahoma State Bank, under the direction of C. H. Rives and his associates, is one of the strongest state banks in Oklahoma and has rendered a valuable service to the community. The Security National, though a comparatively young bank, has grown rapidly under the direction of H. W. Wells, W. M. Pegg and associates and ranks high as a financial institution."

National Bank Call.
(By the Associated Press)
WASHINGTON, Jan. 2.—The comptroller of the currency today issued a call for the condition of national banks at the close of business on Friday, December 29.

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FOLLOWING THE LEADER

A prominent university president says that very few people think for themselves. They are content to let others do their thinking for them, just blindly following the lead of others. There is a great deal of truth in this statement. In the first place, real thinking is hard work and most men refuse to face an idea that is out of line with their pre-conceived notions. If one has an idea that the earth is flat he is not going to investigate the subject very deeply to learn if by chance he may be wrong. He does not want to believe anything else and besides thinking would require too much effort. Some religious or political fanatic crises and no matter how revolutionary his teachings may be, he finds followers because of this tendency to let some one else do the thinking and just follow the leader. The politician tries to create issues that he thinks will take well with the people, whether he believes in them or not. Hence it happens that the one who is shrewd enough or lucky enough to guess what will draw the largest following usually gets away with the bacon.

Often a man follows the lead of another because he thinks the other fellow knows more than he does and he does not have the time or inclination to study up on a question for himself. Furthermore, thinking outside of the accepted channels is not always popular and it takes a man of nerve to go ahead in the face of criticism and opposition.

When man was created he was commanded to subdue the earth. He has been at it most of the time since and has considerable to show for his efforts. The Americas and Asia and Africa were hung together by narrow necks of land. It was up to man to save several thousands of miles of a voyage in each instance by cutting canals through these isthmuses. Instead of being put on top of the ground and in a free state, minerals were buried deep in the earth. It was up to man to get them out when he needed them and he did so. Man lived in a cave, but later he learned to make use of materials provided him by nature and he began building houses. He was too weak to cope with the ferocious animals that inhabited the earth, so he learned to make and use weapons. He needed helpers to hunt and in burden bearing. He domesticated some of the wild animals and made them his servants. He found that by cultivation he could greatly increase the quantity and quality of the yield of various food plants. He was handicapped by the limitations of time and space. He invented machines that would carry him at great speed over the surface of the earth, the sea and through the air. He snatched the lightning from the skies and made it carry his messages with the rapidity of thought. It would appear that man has done much towards carrying out the command imposed on him thousands of years ago, but will the inhabitants of the planet a thousand years hence regard us a crude and barbarous just as we look upon our ancestors of ten centuries ago? It is highly probable.

Governor Walton should have the backing of the entire citizenship of the state when he takes over his office next week. He is governor of the whole state and should be respected accordingly. It is not fair to prejudge any man and condemn him off hand. The governor is entitled to a chance to show what he intends to do and if he makes good he is entitled to full credit. If he does not measure up to the standard, of course he will deserve the condemnation of all good citizens. It is now up to him to show his hand and map out his course. We hope to see him fill the chair of governor with ability, reflecting credit both on himself and on the state which has chosen him as its chief executive.

If people followed all the advice given them every man would be a real wonder. Thousands of pages are printed annually telling the farmer how to farm, the merchant how to handle his business, the teacher how to become another Socrates, and so on down the line. Of course there are some sound kernels in the chaff, but the life of the individual is altogether too short to attempt to apply all the advice he is given. It can't be done.

Whether Secretary Dougherty should be kicked out of office or given a vote of confidence and commendation he is still on the job and Congressman Keller, who started the rumpus, appears to have gone back into his shell.

Travelers say that a loudly spoken word has been known to start an avalanche down the slopes of the Alps carrying destruction in its path. Many a carelessly spoken word in every day life has started an avalanche of gossip that wrecked a human life.

The shortest words often contain the most dynamite.

MEET MISS JANUARY, THE CALENDAR GIRL, HEADLINER IN THE FOLIO OF '23



The Forum of the Press

The Kaiser's Defense
Robert Lansing, secretary of state, 1915-20, in December Current History magazine.
It is with an equal lack of appreciation of world public opinion that Wilhelm refers specifically to "German atrocities." He offsets the charges made by the Bryce commission, Cardinal Mercier and other men of high character and integrity who have investigated the conduct of the German forces in Belgium and Northern France by the assertion that "the old windows of the Cathedral of St. Quentin were removed by German soldiers at the risk of their lives," and that the wardrobe, letters and silverware of the Princess of Poix were protected from the vandalism of the common soldiery. What a defense! It would be laughable if it were not put forward soberly as an evidence that the charges of atrocious conduct by the Germans was untrue. Not a word about the mistreatment and slaughter of civilians, of the burning of Louvain, of the deportation of Belgians to Germany, of their enslavement, or of the hundreds of "humanities" perpetrated in the occupied regions. This is the plea: We Germans, in two instances, at any rate, saved stained glass and a lady's clothes and letters. That is all that the author has to say of his page of the German invasion which is so deeply stained with savagery and with unspeakable crimes, stains which can never be erased from the memory of the present generation.

Equality in Education
(Oklahoma)
Equal opportunities for education in city and rural regions were promised in the recent political campaign. A report of the educational survey shows that there is now shameful inequality. In the cities there is some approach to an adequate plant. There are funds sufficient for a nine months term. Excellent schools are manned by competent teachers, under the direction of capable principals and superintendents. In many of the rural districts all these advantages are lacking. Those who talk equality of educational opportunities may not realize the proportions of the problem. Educational forces and the state government have a Herculean task ahead.

But the goal sought is worth the struggle. Agricultural prosperity and well-being are essential to the welfare of the whole state. Schemes for helping the farmer are numerous. We would be rid of land tenantry, and easier land credits are sought to enable tenants to buy farms. We want the farmer to profit from his labor and investment, and the efficiency of co-operative marketing is applied to this economic problem. For the farmer lower freight rates are sought, and additional credits on live stock, growing and mature crops. We know the pressing need of making rural life liveable and satisfactory, and the program is faulty that does not include educational advantages.

Lack of school facilities is one reason why efficient and thrifty farmers quit the soil. The desire to give the children a chance sends to towns and cities those who are most needed in the development of successful agriculture, for the example of good management and improved methods help others. And an educated citizenry is vital in the development of the state and the progress of government. Admitting these facts and realizing present conditions, Oklahoma's duty is

clear. If this state is to realize its proper destiny, these inequalities must be corrected.

Correction is largely a matter of sufficient funds. That difficulty should not be left entirely to the state. Vast areas of non-taxable Indian lands place a burden upon taxpayers that is unfair when the taxpayers are expected to provide school facilities for those who are wards of the federal government, and often possessed of far greater resources than many who must contribute to the school fund.

Whether that difficulty can be overcome or not, the state is far from helpless. More consolidated schools, with better buildings, longer terms and able teachers are an expected development in these days of rapid transportation. The county union is suggested. In fact, where the rating is so low in many respects, the opportunities for improvement are vast and numerous.

Mystery Land of Australia Under Plans of Exploit

(By the Associated Press)
SYDNEY, N. S. W.—A vast area in central Australia, that has remained virtually a mystery land because of its inaccessibility is to be penetrated by a group of British and American scientists, exploring under the auspices of the British-American Exploration syndicate. Two of the explorers are C. W. Rogers of San Diego, and Sergeant A. A. Waddy, who was with the 18th American Engineers in France. Final arrangements will be made in Townsville and the party will sail around Cape York and across the Gulf of Carpentaria to Port Darwin where final stores will be shipped. An endeavor will be made to land between Port Darwin and Bromberg.

The party intends to proceed inland through country inhabited by negro tribes, which are said to be hostile to white men. The explorers hope to conciliate the tribe members and to gain much valuable assistance from them.

The equipment of the party will include a small wireless telegraph.

THE YOUNG LADY ACROSS THE WAY



The young lady across the way says the new tariff law may make things a little more expensive for American consumers but we can afford it and she supposes something simply had to be done to help Europe to her feet again.

Past Year Greatest in Industry History, Well Known Authority Claims

(By the Associated Press)
NEW YORK, Jan. 1.—The year 1922 has seen greater activity in industrial standardizations than any other year in the history of American industry, according to Albert W. Whitney who today issued a review of the 1922 report of the American Engineering Standards Committee. The committee is a federation composed of national technical societies, six departments of the Federal government, and the principal trade associations in the country. Mr. Whitney is its chairman, and its labors are all in the direction of standardization. Notable progress was made during the year in standardization of raw materials, of manufacturing processes, and of finished products by individual firms, by industrial and technical associations, and by bodies that are working on national and international lines.

One of the most far-reaching accomplishments of the year, Mr. Whitney declares was the organization, on a working basis, of the Federal Specifications Board which develops and approves the specifications under which all government purchases are made, and the development of a plan of co-operation between this Board and the American Engineering Standards Committee; the carrying out of this plan should go far toward eliminating the difference between specifications for government purchases and specifications for ordinary commercial supplies and should thereby result in the saving of millions of dollars both for the government and for industry.

The organization of Secretary Hoover's Division of Simplified Practice and its entrance into the industrial field has had a highly stimulating effect on the industrial standardization movement and has helped in particular to press home to the business man that standardization is one of the main approaches to efficiency and the elimination of waste. The Division of Simplified Practice has already brought about standardization of paving brick, of beds, mattresses and springs, and of metal lath. It now has under way the standardization of lumber and other products. The distinction between the basis for this work and that of the American Engineering Standards Committee lies in the fact that the Division of Simplified Practice devotes itself particularly to that part of the field in which decisions must be made on a non-technical basis.

Great Industry Advance
Great advances have been made by industry on the more technical side. More than 120 standardization undertakings now have an official status before the American Engineering Standards Committee, 43 of them having been initiated within the last year; this is an increase of more than 50 per cent. Of the 28 industrial standards developed and approved by the American Engineering Standards Committee since its organization in 1918, thirteen were approved within the past year. The efforts to develop national safety codes, which have been under way for a number of years, began for the first time to bear fruit. The following six safety codes, pointing the way to the elimination of the most serious classes of industrial accidents, were approved during the year.

Safety code for the use, care and protection of abrasive wheels;
Safety code for the protection of industrial workers in foundries.
Safety code for power presses, foot and hand presses.
National safety codes.
Safety codes for the protection of heads and eyes of industrial workers.

Specifications for the testing and use of permissible explosives.

Conference Idea Popular?
Another outstanding accomplishment in the industrial standardization work of this year was the development of the "standardization by conference" idea, in which all of the interests involved in the subject, including producers, consumers, and representatives of the public and government, participate in deciding: first, whether a standardization project is to be undertaken, and, second, what its scope shall be and its relation to other standardization work.

The year 1922 saw also the development of an increased interest in industrial standardization and an increased appreciation of its effect on production efficiency, distribution of costs, and consumer demand, on the part of such important commercial bodies as the International Chamber of Commerce, the Chamber of Commerce of the United States, and the New York State Chamber of Commerce. It is highly desirable, according to Mr. Whitney, that such co-operation should be maintained if American industry is to be given the commercial advantages which will correspond to those that are being developed through standardization in Germany and England and other foreign countries.

The last year saw important developments in international standardization. There are now national standardization bodies in 15 foreign countries and a report recently received by the American Engineering Standards Committee indicates that plans are under way for the development of such work in each of the South American republics.

One of the most encouraging developments of the year has been the growth of interest among the many trade associations of America. These associations, representing large groups of producers and consumers, have extremely favorable opportunities both for developing industrial standards and for putting them into effect.

It is universally recognized that standardization is a legitimate and constructive activity of trade associations. The classification of the legal aspects for the question by the publication in the early part of the year of the correspondence between the Attorney-General and Secretary Hoover has done much to foster and extend standardization activity among trade associations.

A designer says any girl can be beautiful if she has the right clothes and we say any clothes can be beautiful if they have the right girl.

New Mercantile Firm

The public will take notice that I will open a general merchandise store in the city of Ada on or about the 10th day of January, 1923. We will thank you for any business you will give us. We will be located at 210 East Main street.

B. L. STEPHENS

The New Ratines for Spring New and Effective for Frocks and Skirts Imported and Domestic



A beautiful assortment of these popular Ratines is here! Including checks, plaids and solid colors. They will quickly make up into those pretty Frocks and Skirts for early Spring wear.

Why not make your Frocks and Skirts now, and be among the first to wear a frock or skirt of these striking Ratines.

Per Yard 50c, 75c and \$2.00

SEE WINDOW DISPLAY

ESTABLISHED 1903

SIMPSON'S
THE SURPRISE STORE

115-117 WEST MAIN ST.

City Briefs

Get it at Gwin & Mays.

Have your photo made at West's

Dr. Coltrane, osteopathic physician
2-3-1mRussell Battery Co. Willard Ser-
vice and sales. Phone 140. 2-6-1mAbney and Massey, City loans.
12-31-3tdDewey Neal, former city editor
of the Ada News, was in Ada last
night to attend the Elk dance.Motor Sales Co.—parts and ac-
cessories for all cars. 2-4-1mYou take the policy, we take the
risk. Ebey, Sugg & Co. 12-21-tfMiss Mattie Lyday returned from
Boswell and Ardmore, where she
spent the Christmas holidays.Gale battery company, better
service. Phone 732. 12-22-1mo.Abney and Massey, City loans.
12-31-3tdA ten-pound baby born to Mr.
and Mrs. J. H. Hurst, 800 East
Eight street, last evening.City loans at 5 per cent. Ebey,
Sugg & Co. 1-1-tf.Alcohol for your radiator. Mc-
Carty Bros. 12-24-1moW. H. Ryles, formerly of Ada, re-
turned here today to put in a lunch
stand on East Main street.Expert and Conscientious Shoe
Repairing. Mistletree Shoe Shop. 217
West Main St. 12-6-1mo.Insurance that insures. Ebey, Sugg
& Company. 12-21-tfBrady Slater of Wilburton spent
the holiday season with friends in
Ada.Abney and Massey, City loans.
12-31-3tdExpert shoe repairing and prompt
service.—Liberty Shoe shop, 210 E.
Main St. 12-4-1moHugh Norris, director of manual
training at the college, returned
from Houston, where he spent the
Christmas season.Have your old roof made new with
Texaco roofing. Satisfaction guaran-
teed. Fahy and Keatley. Phone
192-R. 12-29-6t*Suits cleaned and pressed \$1.00.
—John Seybold, Tailor, Phone 667.
12-27-1mo*Mr. and Mrs. B. A. Mason have
returned home from an extended
visit with her daughter, Mrs. Her-
bert Cooper of Helena, Arkansas.We trade for your second hand
tires. Oliver and Nettles, Phone
732. 12-22-1mo.With our new Hollywood lights
we make pretty photographs from
all faces. Stalls Studio. Phone 34.
1-2-1mo.Mr. and Mrs. John Zimmerman re-
port the arrival on New Years day
of a son. Mr. Zimmerman is an in-
structor at the local college.We charge your battery in six to
eight hours, \$1.00. Rental furnis-
hed. Phone 2, 400 E. Main. Kit
Carson. 12-24-1moWozencraft's Drug Store, the home
of personal service. 11-14-tfMiss Gertrude Montgomery of the
college faculty, returned Monday
from Whitewright, Texas, where she
spent the Christmas season with
her parents.If you need more insurance, see
Ebey, Sugg & Co. 12-21-tfWe buy second hand furniture,
paying best prices. Phone 438
Shelton Furniture Co. 11-9-tfMiss Julia Nicholson returned
Sunday from Tecumseh where she
spent the Christmas holidays with
her brother, Reverend Moody Nichol-
son.Home Laundry under new man-
agement. Phone 1177. Rough Dry
35c per doz. 12-19-1mo*Misses Culline Drake and Ger-
trude Barnes of Shawnee returned
today to their homes after spending
the week-end with Miss Justine Bot-
tom, East Eighth street.Avoid trouble by having your in-
surance written by Ebey, Sugg &
Company. 12-21-tfMiss Vera Daggs who is teaching
at McMann, returned Monday to
resume her school work after spend-
ing the holidays at one with her
sister Mrs. Geo. Harrison.McCarty Bros. can fix that old
tire or tube. Phone 855. New loca-
tion 116-18 S. Townsend. 7-7-1moVirgil Auld arrived here last night
from Norman to join his wife and
children, who have been here visit-
ing her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. J.
Dodd, East Thirteenth street.I am in the market for good
second hand furniture and stoves.
Conleys old stand, 207 West Main
street. Phone 53. C. W. Rea. 12-26-1mo.Mrs. T. C. Norris and son, How-
ard Randall of Oklahoma City re-
turned to their home after spend-
ing the holiday season here at the

Keynote of Optimism Sounded when Lions Talk City Problems

The first meeting of the Lions Club today for the New Year carried a spirit of optimism and intention to accomplish much in the new era. The entertainment committee had provided several speakers to sound the keynote for the year's work.

Robert Wimbish pleaded for an effort on the part of the Lions and other organizations throughout the country to bring people living in rural sections and in the towns closer together and suggested that if present tendencies are permitted to go on detrimental consequences may follow. It is only by united efforts of all so-called classes that the best can be found.

M. O. Matthews sounded an alarm over the water situation in the city. He voiced his opinion that unless more water is made available, it is impossible to get other industries here or for those already here to enlarge. The Cement plant had to curtail production and delay construction work on account of a scarcity of water, he said. The power plant at Byng also was handicapped by water shortage. Mr. Matthews says he is not pleading for the cement plant, as it can operate as well next year as it did last with the present water supply, but for the city to supply water and more of it is essential.

Dr. A. Linscheid of the College illuminated the recent report of the Survey Commission, which made a canvass of the school system of the state. This commission, whose expenses were paid by the state and the members of which were appointed by the national commission of education, recommended several things, among which Dr. Linscheid pointed out:

First: The substitution of the county unit plan for the present district plan for schools.

Second: The state financing at least in part the schools of the entire state, the abolition of the 15 mill maximum levy and the increase in the amount of money spent on each child from \$64 nearer the average of \$90 in the United States.

Third: The election of State Board of Education by popular vote and the appointment of the state su-

perintendent by the board at a salary large enough to get the best qualified man.

Fourth: Abolition of four of the five district agricultural schools, the school of mines at Wilburton, the school at Claremore and at Tonkawa.

Fifth: Adequate support for the other state institutions. Among the recommendations for these other schools, the commission suggests \$750,000 a year for a period of ten years as a building program for the university, \$450,000 for the same length of time for the Agricultural and Mechanical college, and \$125,000 a year for each of the teachers colleges. The teachers college at this place, according to the board, should have \$150,000 a year for operation and maintenance.

Dr. Linscheid pointed out that this is a great triumph for the teachers colleges, for it is the first time some of them have not been marked for slaughter by suggested changes in the school system. The high standing of the institutions, the overflowing attendance and the recommendation of this commission indicate they are filling a real need in the educational life of the state.

Hickman is Speaker
Prof. J. E. Hickman of the city schools sees great things in store for the city. He says the schools will be able to run the nine months without a deficit, but that the time is soon coming when the schools will need more buildings and will need both a junior and senior high school building. The city school board has agreed to award sweaters to worthy seniors who have taken part in school activities. Hickman said. For the present scholastic year, the high school athletics have paid their own way.

Guests at the luncheon included Miss Annie Louise Shaw and her houseguest, Miss Pierce, of Dallas; Forde Harrison of Allen, Ralph Waner and Mr. Williamson of Ada. President Ellison appointed as a committee to look into the water situation and make recommendations next meeting: L. H. Harrell, R. W. Simpson and M. O. Matthews. The entertainment committee is Roy Givens, J. B. Sledge and L. H. Harrell.

home of Mrs. Norris' mother, Mrs. J. L. Wilmoth, 501 South Mississipp.

Crank case not only drained but washed free. A-1 Filling Station. 4-1-1mo

Captain and Mrs. Knoff have returned to Oklahoma City after a short visit with Mr. and Mrs. Byron Sledge, South Broadway. Captain Knoff inspected guard equipment here.

City Loans
Our rates are lower, either monthly or straight loan plan. Save money by seeing Ebey, Sugg and company. 1-1-tf

Soda service supreme—Light lunches, hot and cold drinks, candies and cigars. Wozencraft's Drug Store. 11-14-tf

Two city league basketball games will be played tonight at the armory. The teams will take up a continuation of the city league schedule postponed prior to the Christmas holidays.

Attend Ada BUSINESS COLLEGE 25 percent discount on all scholarships. This unusual offer good until January 15. Phone 233. 12-14-1mo*

Best prices paid for your second-hand furniture.—Shelton Furniture Co., Phone 438. 11-2-tf

We buy second hand furniture.—Shelton Furniture Co., phone 438. 11-2-tf

"Booger Red" arrived today from south Texas to look after business matters. He states that his show is doing well in that section and that he and his family will probably remain there the rest of the winter.

ELKS NEW YEAR DANCE WAS GREAT SUCCESS

Monday evening Jan. 1 was passed by friends and members of the Elks lodge in one of the merriest dances ever given by the order in Ada. The "Observance of the Eleventh Hour" was an outstanding feature of the evening.

About one hundred and fifty guests were served to punch and wafers.

NEW YEAR BREAKFAST DANCE HONORING VISITING GUESTS

Among the many delightful gatherings to watch the coming in of the New Year was the breakfast dance given by Misses Lois and Ruth Burton in their home, 101 East Seventeenth street from twelve until six o'clock Monday morning, Jan. 1, honoring their house guests Misses Sparks Whiteman and Miss Pierce, the guest of Miss Anna Louis Shaw. The guests arrived at twelve o'clock and were served to hot coffee and sandwiches. An hour of greetings and reminiscences of the Old Year was enjoyed followed by dancing until four thirty when

perintendent by the board at a salary large enough to get the best qualified man.

Fourth: Abolition of four of the five district agricultural schools, the school of mines at Wilburton, the school at Claremore and at Tonkawa.

Fifth: Adequate support for the other state institutions. Among the recommendations for these other schools, the commission suggests \$750,000 a year for a period of ten years as a building program for the university, \$450,000 for the same length of time for the Agricultural and Mechanical college, and \$125,000 a year for each of the teachers colleges. The teachers college at this place, according to the board, should have \$150,000 a year for operation and maintenance.

Farmers' Column By Byron Norrell

E. L. Steed states that the sale of turkeys at Stonewall brought around \$12,000 to the farmers of that vicinity during the past season and that at least \$1,000 more will be realized during the next two months from the sale of turkeys too young to sell at Thanksgiving and Christmas. He says the volume of sales from chickens and eggs doubled during the past year and that with the greatly increased number of chickens in the country he expects to see the 1922 record doubled during the coming year. He says the proceeds of the sales of chickens and eggs went a long way towards carrying many farmers through the crop season last year. He also reports that around 100 cars of corn have been shipped from Stonewall from the last crop.

Farmers Flock to College.

Stillwater, Okla.—Farmers from fifty-five Oklahoma counties in the eastern, central and southwestern sections of the state were flocking into Stillwater early in the week to attend a two-weeks short course in agriculture arranged by the A. and M. college at the request of the Oklahoma Bankers' association and beginning January 3.

Bankers associations in the various counties had offered scholarships which will pay individual farmers' expenses. In some counties as many as ten scholarships had been provided.

Another similar short course, provided for groups from the seventeen counties in north central Oklahoma was given just before the Christmas holidays.

The second four weeks term of the general winter short course in agriculture, a special herdsmen's course of two weeks duration and a one-week course in fruit growing also began January 3. Many farmers and livestock raisers from various sections of the state are here to attend those courses.

Boy Gets \$1,000 for Hogs.

Stillwater, Okla.—Up to the time Carl Clark, an Ellis county farm boy joined Tom Marks' pig club three years ago, not a pure bred hog had ever rooted in the Clark farm pastures, according to a report which Clark has sent to the state club agent. And "Frankie", the Duroc Jersey gilt the boy bought on the endless chain plan, was considered the poorest of a lot of five which the county agent had secured for his club members.

But "Frankie" turned out to be not only the best gilt of the five but the best Duroc exhibited at the county fair that year and so successful was the boy's livestock venture that, in the three years intervening, nearly 500 pure-bred hogs have been raised on the Clark farm. Carl himself has fattened and marketed \$1,000 worth of hogs within the last twelve months.

"I joined the pig club, because I like to work among livestock on the farm," Carl's report says, "but I also wanted to learn the scientific business of raising, fattening and marketing hogs. Besides, I wanted to make some money to pay my way through college."

33,945 Club Boys and Girls

STILLWATER, Jan. 2.—Thirty-three thousand nine hundred and forty five Oklahoma boys and girls were enrolled in the junior agricultural club work during the year 1922, according to the annual report of B. A. Pratt, state club agent, just filed with the director of the Extension Division of the A. and M. College.

That is 8,949 more than the number enrolled in 1921 and sets a new record for the state. It is more than three times as many club members as were enrolled in Kansas during the year.

The number of projects carried by individual club members was 49,546, Pratt's report shows—a gain of 12,546, or 33.9 percent. The number of organized clubs jumped from 634 in 1921 to 837 in 1922, a gain of 36.7 percent. But greatest improvement of all was shown in the number of individual reports on projects, in that department club members showing a gain of 202.2 percent.

Among the eighteen divisions of club work in the state, poultry clubs led with an enrollment of 6,338, and canning clubs followed closely with 5,839.

Oklahoma county, with a total of 1,321, led all counties in the state in the number of projects carried by members, while Muskogee county, with 974, led in club membership. Individual members may enroll in as many as three projects. Oklahoma county leads the state in percentage of project reports filed, a complete report having been written on each of the 1,014 projects carried by its 823 club members.

TREATISE ON COTTON GROWING AND BOLL WEEVIL CONTROL

By Hardy Dial

Cotton Grower and Boll Weevil Expert.

In writing this treatise it is my desire, and belief, that it shall be of benefit to the farmer who is making an effort to perpetuate the growing of cotton as a main, or staple crop for the South.

From the earliest history of our country, cotton has been the main stay, and hope of the southern states. Of recent years it has become more and more difficult to produce a full crop of first class marketable product, until at the present time we find ourselves face to face with a condition that requires Spartan courage, and Trojan valor united with unlimited energy and perseverance, to overcome.

The many pests, and foes we meet in the cotton fields, are so voracious

and destructive, that we must make use of every practical means and device we have at our command in order to successfully overcome their ravages.

My experience as a successful cotton grower, and my experience in waging war on these malicious foes of cotton, proves to my satisfaction that success in growing cotton is only to be obtained by a system of thorough soil preparation and cultivation. This consists in cleaning up all refuse and trash in the fall and turning it under by fall plowing where ever it is possible to do so.

The cultural methods I advise are only such as is good farming methods if there were no boll weevil in existence; but under Mexican boll weevil conditions it is doubly necessary to literally "leave no stone unturned" in preparing the cotton ground.

No Dot Burn Stalks.

Do not burn the old cotton stalks, and other refuse, except it be impossible to plow it under. Cut the cotton stalks with a stalk cutter and when you plow, do not be afraid of plowing too deep. I am speaking now of fall plowing. All vegetation that is turned under in the fall will by the action of the moisture, and contact with the soil, be converted into humus, which is so necessary for the production of any kind of a crop. Humus is a fertilizer inasmuch as it gathers moisture and ammonia from the air and transmits these elements to plant life through the medium of the soil.

By fall plowing this seemingly worthless refuse matter is returned to the soil, and is used to maintain and build up the fertility of your fields.

The foregoing and following facts, and instructions are equally applicable for all cotton growing localities; of course due allowance must be made in regard to the time to plant, as the range in planting time is gauged by the latitude in which you live, but the same general principles are involved for all localities.

Care of Land.

In fall plowing, all well drained land and up land, should be flat broke just as soon as possible after the crop is harvested, while all wet bottom or low lands with poor drainage should be bedded up instead of being flat broke. By thoroughly bedding up this kind of land in the late fall it keeps it well above the water during the winter, allowing the water to drain off. By flat breaking such land or leaving it flat unbroken through the winter, it becomes water logged, and soggy, drowning out the bacteria, which are the life of the soil, such land is dead and cannot be brought up to a satisfactory state of fertility by all the spring cultivation that can be lavished upon it. Where soil has been thus drowned, and the bacteria killed nothing but time and thorough cultivation properly done, can bring back its life giving properties.

When you have finished your fall cleaning and breaking, whether it be flat broke upland or bedded up low land, let your work rest until about the middle of February or the first of March when you should re-bed your low land and bed up your upland which has been flat broke. If possible disk your flat broke land about the middle of February. About March first, mark it off into rows the width you want your cotton rows being careful to get them straight, and of uniform distance apart; bed to this mark, throwing furrows from each side so they will meet at the mark. Use the same care in rebedding the low land, for the more carefully you do this bedding the more easily you can do all future cultivation. After you have done this final bedding, keep the beds well cultivated by the use of a disk cultivator, until the first or tenth of May, at which time drag your beds down as flat as you can, by using a round log drag that will easily reach over two rows at once; this will require three mules or horses. Follow this drag with the planter, and plant one-half bushel of seed to the acre; after planting roll the ground with a heavy roller, this will firm the soil around the seed, and insure quick germination.

(To be Continued)

December Crop Report.

The total valuation of Oklahoma's 14 major field crops grown in 1922 is \$203,812,000 compared with \$143,755,000 last year. The December 1 price was used as the basis for the valuation. The per acre value increased from \$10.37 last year to \$14.25 this year.

The total value of apples, peaches and pears is \$4,215,000 compared

Dr. KING'S PILLS
—for constipation—
For liver ills

Pale and Thin

Many feel unequal to the daily task. They are prone to frequent colds or coughs, or are pale and thin. What is needful is rich, nourishing

Scott's Emulsion

of pure vitamine-bearing cod-liver oil, to help strengthen and build up the vital forces of the body. Build up resistance daily with Scott's Emulsion!

Scott & Borne, Bloomfield, N. J. 22-23

WASHINGTON MISS WOULD BE AUTHOR



Miss Donna Ruth Crissinger.

Miss Donna Ruth Crissinger, daughter of the comptroller of the Currency and Mrs. Crissinger, is known as a clever writer. At the present time she has a volume about ready for the press.

with \$1,633,000 last year and \$1,880,000 in 1920.

The value of the cotton crop this year was almost double the 1921 value. The larger acreage, larger

production, and higher price were the reasons for the increase. Grain sorghum almost doubled in value over last year and broom corn shows a valuation that is more than two and a half times the 1921 valuation. Wheat shows a decrease in value of \$10,000,000, while corn shows an increase of about \$15,250,000. Corn, wheat, oats, barley, rye and grain sorghums each show a smaller production than last year, but the price per bushel is larger in each instance.

CARL H. ROBINSON, Statistician
W. B. HAMLIN, Statistician

Aspens are usually the first to spring up on land that has been devastated by forest fires.

**Every Woman Needs
IRON at Times**

If women would only take Nuxated Iron when they feel weak, run down, tired out—when they are pale, nervous and haggard—there are thousands who might readily build up their red corpuscles, become rosy checked, strong and healthy and be much more attractive in every way. When the iron goes out of the blood of women, the healthy glow of youth leaves their skin and their charm and vivacity depart. A two weeks course of Nuxated Iron works wonders in many cases. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded. At all good druggists.

NUXATED IRON

Gwin & Mays Drug Co.

MAVIS

VANISHING CREAM Irresistibly Different!

THE foundation for the other! Irresistible Mavis aids to beauty. A snowy cream of the purest ingredients, perfumed with that indescribable, lasting Mavis fragrance.

VIVAUDOU NEW YORK

DON'T MORTGAGE YOUR FUTURE

by leaving your eyes unattended, or neglecting them by using glasses which do not give the proper relief. Your eyes should get more attention than anything you possess, and that you can only obtain by seeking the services of a reliable, experienced and permanently located optometrist. From the examination of your eyes to the final adjustment of the mounting you receive our personal attention and guarantee of entire satisfaction at a moderate cost. Take your eye troubles to.

COON

The New Spring Hats

LAY PARTICULAR STRESS ON COLORFUL MODES

Large and Small Shapes : New Fabrics

Hats that have all the proper air of smartness. Hats of shoe satin, visca clothes, hair braids, metallic cloths, and timbo in clever poke shapes, draped turban effects and not too large capelines.

Colors display lovely blue shades from turquoise to peacock and greens and reds in great variation.

At an attractive range of prices.

\$7 to \$13.50

Shaw's

DEPARTMENT STORE

THE BURGLAR

By LILLIAN M. DELANEY

Robert Weston hurried up the gravel path to his pretty suburban home, entered the front hall and eagerly shouted:

"Betty! Oh, Betty! Where are you?"

From the recesses of the kitchen Betty called: "Yoo-hoo, Bob!" and, flushed and disheveled from her culinary efforts, emerged into the hallway to throw floury hands and arms about her husband's neck.

"What's wrong, Bob?" she asked in alarm, for it was only 2 in the afternoon, and he never got home before 6:15 in the evening.

"Got to go to Chicago tonight, Betty," said Bob, gently. "I hate to leave you, dear, but it can't be helped. Winters is sick, and there's no one else we can send, I'll have to be away a week. Isn't there someone you could ask to come and stay with you?"

A hasty luncheon, the hurried packing of his grip, a thousand and one parting admonitions, then Betty

stood in the window as he started for the train.

About 6 o'clock that evening as she languidly ate a lonely meal, the door on the kitchen mantel suddenly

opened. It was an alarm clock, set in a carved oak frame, and only as a timepiece. Betty had

heard it ring before. She stood, petrified with fright. She was superstitious, but—! She recalled tales of signs and warnings. This time the time was to start for the

er dinner she read a short time, feeling too lonely and nervous to any longer in the living room, decided to go to bed.

In spite of her loneliness, sleep came. It seemed hours later when thing awakened her, and listening, heard something strike the windowpane. Again and again the noise

repeated, then, as she cautiously out of bed and peeped through draperies she saw a man out on lawn take off coat and hat and

the burglar! Oh, what should Bob were here!

She thought of the alarm which had given her such a

downstairs, she at last lo- the clock in the dark kitchen

reached the door of her room

the head and shoulders of

just above the veranda

side the window. Now he had

himself up and was crawling

the roof toward the window.

was dreadfully dark, but she felt

the controlling lever of the alarm

clock and raised it. Not a sound. Of

course not! It was set at 6, for that

was the time it had gone off. Nervously

she felt for the knob with which

to turn the alarm hand. The middle

one was for the time, the upper one

for the alarm. She remembered not-

Grim Mockery in Holiday Time for Russians, Who Face Harsh Cold in Their Tattered Clothing



Unless America intervenes, "Happy New Year" will have a hollow ring for more than a million little Russians and their elders, caught in the grip of the worst clothing shortage the world has ever known. Their holiday garb, according to American Relief Administration workers in every part of Russia, consists of five-year-old rags, single garments of American flour-sacking, newspapers stitched together in the shape of garments, or other equally inadequate clothing. This lack of protection against the elements in a land where the climate is similar to that in the northern United States is such a menace that Herbert Hoover predicts that at least a million children and adults will die in the early days of 1923 unless clothing is sent to them. A good New Year's dinner is available to the million Russian children

who are still being fed in A. R. A. kitchens. Since the cold weather set in, however, hundreds of thousands of youngsters have been prevented from going to these kitchens for their one meal a day by their lack of garments. In their unheated homes the cold is hardly less bitter than out-of-doors, for the price of fuel is prohibitive. Purchase of clothing is also impossible at a time when a pair of shoes costs a month's wages, and the price of an overcoat is equivalent to a year's pay.

To meet this crisis, the American Relief Administration offers a way to send practical New Year's greetings to Russians, in the inauguration of its new clothing remittance packages, on the same general plan as the famous Hoover food remittance packages of last year. The sum of \$20, sent to the New York headquarters of the

American Relief Administration, 42 Broadway, will purchase one of these life-saving packages, which will be delivered to any designated individual in Russia. If preferred, the package may be marked merely for general relief, which means that it will be distributed to some one of the most urgent cases of need. The sender of each package will receive a direct receipt from the Russian who gets the clothing.

Each package contains the following: 4 1/2 yards of 56-inch 20-ounce dark blue wool cloth, sufficient for a suit of clothes for an adult, or outer garments for two children; 4 yards of black cotton lining; 16 yards of muslin, sufficient for four suits of underwear; 8 yards of flannelette, sufficient for two men's shirts or two women's shirtwaists; buttons and thread to make up this material.

begun last October when the Gulf Oil Company of New Jersey, announced its plans to form the Gulf Oil Company of Pennsylvania, and give stockholders in the old company an equal share in the new company and a 200 percent stock dividend. Andrew L. Mellon, brother of Secretary of the Treasury Mellon, is president of the company.

This was followed by rumors in the financial districts that other big oil companies and corporations were contemplating stock dividends after capitalizing their large surpluses. Stock quotations of those companies rose sharply, but almost invariably fell off again after the stock dividends were declared. The big Standard Oil companies were among the first to increase their capitalization and declared dividends in stock, and then the movement became general.

Standard Oil of N. J. Increases.

The Standard Oil of New Jersey on announcing an increase in capitalization of \$515,000,000 and a 400 stock dividend, stated there was no reason to believe that the old rate of dividend would be maintained on the new stock. It was declared that the capitalized surplus of the company represented undivided profits of many years that had been returned to the business and was held as property of all kinds necessary to the transaction of the company's business. Only a small part of the surplus was represented by cash, it was asserted.

Many of the stockholders receiving stock dividends on their holdings found, in effect, that they had received the equivalent of four quarters for the dollar they had held before as there was no prospect of receiving more cash dividends in the future on their increased stock holdings than they had received previously.

The general belief in Wall street is that the reason for the great number of stock dividends declared is that companies with large surplus earnings feared legislation designed to levy on their surplus capital in the near future. There was a referendum in Switzerland last fall on a proposal to make a capital levy on corporations and wealthy individuals. While that was defeated by an overwhelming popular vote the capital levy is still being advanced as a means of assisting government finances by radical elements in Great Britain, and there has been talk of similar measures in this country.

Standard Claims Under Estimate.

Spokesmen for the Standard Oil companies have stated that their companies have always been under-capitalized and that the surplus earnings on which taxes have already been paid were turned back into the companies' business; "plowed under," it is termed. Most of those companies have decreased the par value of their shares in order, it was said, to bring the market price of their stocks within the reach of their employees and the general public and cause a wider distribution.

OKLAHOMA CITY—An offer of fencing equipment made by the U. S. Army to the Oklahoma National guard will probably not be accepted except for one set of sample supplies according to Adj. Gen. Charles G. Barrett, who said that several guard units had advised his office they had no calls for such equipment.

Try a News Want Ad for results.

Two Billion Increase In Capital Stocks of Corporation of Nation

(By the Associated Press) NEW YORK, Jan. 1.—Increases in capital stock of several hundred corporations in the last three months of 1922 have amounted to more than \$2,000,000,000 and indications are that the total soon will be greatly increased. Nearly all of these increases have been distributed to stockholders in "stock dividends."

The Standard Oil companies and subsidiaries have led the list in the size and amount of their stock dividends. The industries involved have included safety razor companies, banks, cotton mills, insurance companies, machine shops and manufacturing concerns. The stock dividends have ranged from two percent of the outstanding capital stock of the corporations to a 1400 stock dividend declared by the Whitin Machine Works, of Boston.

The big movement to capitalize the surplus earnings of corporations

U.S. PROHIBITION FELT IN FRANCE

Surplus of Alcohol Danger to Economic Conditions, Advisers Say.

(By the Associated Press)

PARIS, Jan. 2.—What France should do with her excess alcohol has become one of the industrial and national problems in the republic. While France has no prohibition movement under way, she is seriously troubled by the economic aspect of an excess production of wine, and especially alcohol.

A senate commission reported recently on the problem. It commented on prohibition in the United States; pointed out that France's liquor and wine exports had been reduced by such prohibition, and then made the flat statement that there could be no question as to the desirability in France of reducing the human consumption of alcohol, that alcohol today was a national danger to the republic.

Seeking ways to meet the economic difficulties presented by the actual situation, the commission insisted that the surplus production of alcohol be used nationally as a fuel by mixing it with benzine, gasoline and other like substances in proportions ranging from ten percent up.

It is proposed to run automobile, locomotives and factories with this mixture, and at the same time save part of the money now spent abroad for coal and other oil fuels. Many experiments have been made, and large prizes offered, for the best mixture.

The principal factors in the alcohol problem are that there is possibly a smaller consumption of alcohol in drinking because of increased prices and that France produces far more alcohol than she can herself normally consume. It is agreed that the human consumption of alcohol may be further reduced if better uses for the product are found.

However, it is pointed out that nearly three fourths of France's population gains its livelihood, directly or indirectly, through alcohol, whether the people are engaged in agriculture or in commerce.

France, the report shows, is not producing an average of a billion gallons of wines and alcohol yearly, out of which is obtained an annual internal revenue of about a billion francs, with export values of upwards of half a billion francs yearly.

The commission reached the conclusion that one way to reduce drinking would be to increase the taxes

TRIPLE TREATY IS HINTED BY JAPAN FOREIGN MINISTER



Viscount Uchida.

International diplomatic circles are interested in the reported statement of Viscount Uchida, Japanese foreign minister. In a discussion of Japan's foreign policy he is credited with saying that in event of non-ratification of the Washington conference agreement by the leading powers he hoped his country would "take the necessary steps" looking toward a solution of the problem in concert with Great Britain and the United States.

of wines and liquors. France has been drinking more and more, for a hundred years, because beverages were so cheap. Fifty years ago the daily per capita consumption was one and one half quarts, today it is three quarts.

The final conclusion of the commission is that France's 22,000,000 gallons of pure alcohol, produced from grain, beet sugar and molasses, should be diverted from certain present uses, including human consumption, to general use as a fuel.

OKLAHOMA CITY—A general inspection of all federal equipment and supplies in the possession of the Oklahoma National Guard will be a part of the annual armory inspection which will begin January 10 and continue until March 31, according to an announcement by Adj. Gen. Charles F. Barrett. General Barrett said federal inspectors would tour the national guard units of the state and that they would be detailed for the duty from the Eighth army corps headquarters at Fort Sam Houston, Texas.

Try a News Want Ad for results.

LABOR PROBLEMS CONFRONT STATE

Farm Interests to Consume Important Berth in Legislative Session.

(By the Associated Press)

OKLAHOMA CITY, Jan. 2.—Farm and labor legislation is generally regarded as the chief measures to come before the regular session of the Oklahoma legislature, which meets here today. Three committees approved by Governor-elect J. C. Walton, representing agriculture, labor and general industry, have prepared a broad program, which is expected to form the nucleus of legislative action.

Outstanding in the proposed program for legislative action, provide for state loans to farmer's cooperative organizations for the erection of a system of warehouses in which to store farm products sold through the organization. Re-establishment of a state market commission, to cooperate with the farmers' organizations, also is included in the program.

The legislature this year is again democratic in majority, although Governor Walton, elected on the democratic ticket with the endorsement of the Farmer-Labor Reconstruction league, and a portion of the legislators, will face resistance of old-line democrats, who declared the league an offspring of the Non-partisan league and that it has sought to usurp the normal dominion of the democratic party in Oklahoma. Conservative democrats have charged much of the proposed legislation to be radical in character, but supporters describe it as merely progressive.

Revision of the state bank guaranty law, revision of the state election laws, action on the report of a state general survey, and measures looking toward the relief of the state supreme court, which is nearly three years behind its docket, are among other prospective subjects to be discussed.

The last Oklahoma house was republican in majority while the senate was democratic. This session the house has 93 democrats and 14 republicans.

OKLAHOMA CITY—The northwest section of the state leads all other districts in the value of the wheat crop produced this year, according to John A. Whitehurst, president of the state board of agriculture. He said the value of the wheat produced in that section was \$9,524,000.

Try a News Want Ad for results.

Lady Northcliffe to Wed Husband's Friend, Rumor



Lady Northcliffe and Sir Robert Hudson.

LONDON, Jan. 1.—Will Lady Northcliffe, widow of the late Lord Northcliffe, become the bride of Sir Robert Hudson, one of the late publisher's most intimate friends? All England is asking that question, but so far without an answer or even an inkling of what may come.

Sir Robert, a widower of fifty-eight, and Northcliffe were, for years, the closest friends. And at the time of Northcliffe's death, it is declared in well informed circles, he expressed a dying wish that if his widow married again she would become the bride of his friend.

However, as if to refute this report, comes the hitch in the settlement of the Northcliffe will. This is due, it is said, to a condition inserted in his first will which provides that a part of the widow's share shall be distributed among other beneficiaries in case she marries again.

Under the last will of the publisher, but not the one now in probate, it is said Lady Northcliffe would receive her share without any conditions being attached thereto. And all the time England waits to see if the reported romance of the widow and her late husband's friend will materialize.

Try a News Want Ad for results.



YOUR printing matter frequently is an index to the character of your business. Particularly does it apply to the stationery you use—as well as other printed matter.

We, as specialists in this sort of work, take pride in every job turned out by our plant. We're equipped to handle anything you wish—from a postcard and up.

And with quality workmanship you are given every assurance of superb service and prompt delivery.

NEWS PUBLISHING AND PRINTING CO. ADA, OKLAHOMA

New safety razor works like a lawn mower. Now we need a clothes brush that works like a street sweep

MUTT AND JEFF—The Lion Tamers Must Wear Maxim Silencers.

By Bud Fisher

Now is the Time!
To have That old Suit or Overcoat Worked Over.
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M.C. TAYLOR & CO. Heavy Wool Hose are very good and our stock is complete 50c up M.C. TAYLOR & CO.

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FOR RENT—2 furnished rooms for light housekeeping. 806 East 14. Phone 853. 1-2-31*

FOR RENT—Two furnished bedrooms. 211 West 14 street. Phone 650-J. 1-1-31*

FOR RENT—Furnished apartment. Phone 582-J after 6. Mrs. Knotts. 1-1-41*

FOR RENT—Two rooms for light housekeeping. Call 956. 827 East 8 street. 1-1-31*

FOR RENT—Small house. Call 222-J. 12-31-31*

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FOR RENT—Furnished bedroom. Mrs. Blackburn, 230 E. 12th. Phone 654. 12-1-1m*

FOR RENT—5 room house on South Cherry. One acre ground. See me at Davidson's Grocery. Sam L. Van Curen. 1-1-31*

FOR RENT—Four light housekeeping rooms; furnished. \$10.00 month. 1020 East 9 street. Phone 1199. 1-1-31*

FOR SALE

FOR SALE OR TRADE—For car, piano. 222 West 12th. 12-26-61*

FOR SALE—A pedigree large type Poland China gilt 617 West 9 street. 1-2-31*

FOR SALE—Three pure bred Rhode Island Red Roosters. Phone 1064-J. 1-2-31*

Our most famous rich American hunters are chorus girls.

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WANTED—Fifty acres of land cleared. See R. C. Jeter at Rollow Hardware Co. 1-2-61*

WANTED—Best prices paid for second hand furniture. Phone 438. Shelton Furniture Co. 11-9-1m*

WANTED—500 old mattresses to work over. Ada Mattress Factory. Phone 170. 400 E. 12 street. 11-7-41*

WANTED—50 students to take advantage of this unusual offer of 25 per cent discount on scholarships, good until January 15. Ada Business College, phone 233. 12-14-1m*

BERMUDA ONION PLANTS

Delivered to you by parcel post. 500 for \$1.00; 1000 for \$1.75. FROST PROOF CABBAGE PLANTS: 500 for \$1.50; 1000 for \$2.50. We prepay postage, guarantee satisfaction and prompt shipment. Dealers wanted.

R. C. HADEN, Ladonia, Texas.

LOST

LOST—No. 2 Brownie folding kodak in some Ada business house, Dec. 23. Return to News office. Mrs. Kate Ledford. 12-31-31*

OKLAHOMA CITY—Sir Harry Lauder, famous singer of Scotch songs, will be the guest of the chamber of commerce at a luncheon to be given in his honor January 19. It has been announced. Delegates from all over the state have been invited to the dinner, and entertainment will be provided for 700 persons, according to Stanley Draper, assistant manager of the chamber. Lauder is to sing in a concert at the coliseum.

OKLAHOMA CITY—Prices of all agricultural products this year as a general rule, exceed those of 1921, but in several products was as high as in 1920, according to a report submitted to John A. Whitehurst, president of the state board of agriculture. The crops of corn, oats, hay and cotton brought better prices this year than for the past two years, the report said. A tabulated report of the 1922 agricultural invoice is being prepared by the board of agriculture, Whitehurst said.

Smoke costs London \$30,000,000 annually.

Internal Revenue Tax Problems Explained in Form Sent to Taxpayer

Collectors of internal revenue today are mailing to taxpayers who made similar returns for the year 1921 Form 1040A for filing individual returns of net income of \$5,000 or less for the year 1922. The form is in six pages, two of which provide for the return proper, and two for making a duplicate of the return. Two pages are devoted to instructions. The duplicate and the instruction pages should be detached and retained by the taxpayer, and the original return mailed to the collector for the district in which the taxpayer lives or has his principal place of business. Form 1040A for filing returns of net income in excess of \$5,000 soon will be issued, and mailed to taxpayers who filed similar returns for 1921. The filing period is from January 1 to March 15, 1923.

To avoid errors which may result to their disadvantage, taxpayers are advised by the Bureau of Internal Revenue to study carefully the instructions on the forms, especially those with regard to credits for personal exemptions and dependents. Married persons required to make a return on Form 1040A—those whose net income was \$5,000 or less—are allowed an exemption of \$2,500. The exemption for married persons whose net income was in excess of \$5,000 is \$2,000. The exemption for single persons is \$1,000. Also, whether married or single, the taxpayer is allowed a credit of \$400 for each person dependent upon him for chief support. If such person is under eighteen years of age or incapable of self support because mentally or physically defective.

It should be remembered that the requirement to file a return is placed upon every married person whose net income for 1922 was \$2,000 or more or whose gross income was \$5,000 or more, and upon every single person whose net income was \$1,000 or more, or whose gross income was \$5,000 or more. The fact that by reason of the exemptions and credits, a person's income is not taxable, does not nullify the requirement to file a return if the income equals or exceeds these specified amounts. Net income, upon which the tax is assessed, is gross income less certain deductions for business expenses, bad debts, losses, contributions, etc., provision for which is made on the forms.

A head of a family—a person who actually supports and maintains in one household one or more individuals who are closely connected with him by blood relationship, by marriage or by adoption—is allowed the same exemptions as a married person.

In the returns of married persons must be included the net income of both husband and wife and dependent minor children. Husband and wife may make joint return or separate returns. They receive but one personal exemption, \$2,500 or \$2,000 as the case may be. If they make separate returns the exemption may be taken by either or divided between them. The exemption of \$400 for a dependent may be claimed only by the one who furnishes the dependent's chief support.

The taxpayer's status on the last day of the taxable year—December 31, 1922, if made on the calendar year basis—determines the amount of his exemptions and credits. If married and living with wife or husband on that day the exemption is \$2,500 or \$2,000, according to the amount of net income. If single and without dependents on that day he may claim but \$1,000 as his exemption, even though he may have been married or the head of a family during the greater part of the year. Widowers, widows, divorcees and persons separated by mutual consent are classed as single persons.

The Bureau of Internal Revenue is preparing to send to each county in the United States revenue officers who will aid taxpayers in making out their returns. Similar services will be offered city residents. But the bureau's advice before seeking such assistance is to read carefully the instructions. Unless the problem is particularly complex, study of the form will enable the taxpayer to make a correct return.

The normal rate of tax of 4 per cent on the first \$4,000 of net income and 8 per cent on the remaining net income above the exemption remains unchanged. Sixty rates, which apply only to incomes in excess of \$5,000 are low rates, ranging for the calendar year 1922 from 1 per cent on the amount of net income between \$5,000 and \$10,000 to 50 per cent on the amount by which the net income exceeds \$200,000. For the year 1921 the surtax rates ranged from 1 per cent on the amount of net income between \$5,000 and \$6,000 to 65 per cent on the amount of net income in excess of \$1,000,000.

SLAYER OF YOUTH GETS FIFTY YEAR SENTENCE

(By the Associated Press)

KANSAS CITY, Jan. 2.—Tony DiNello, 48, convicted of the murder of his eleven year daughter, Flora, was sentenced today to 50 years in the state penitentiary by Judge E. L. Fisher in Wyandotte county district court. Motion for a new trial and an arrest in judgment were overruled.

NEWEST MANAGER IN BIG LEAGUES



Donie Bush.

The recent appointment of Donie Bush, diminutive shortstop, as manager of the Washington Nationals to succeed Clyde Milan, was a surprise, generally speaking. Bush was obtained by Griffith from Detroit at the waiver price in the 1921 season, while serving his fourteenth year with the Tigers.

Some towns are lucky. Near Wittenberg, Mo., two robbers were killed.

LODGES

I. O. O. F.—Ada Lodge No. 146, regular meeting every Thursday.—C. E. Cunningham, N. G. H. C. Evans, Sec'y.

Ada Chapter No. 78 O. E. S. meets second and fourth Thursday nights in each month.—Margaret Crawford, W. M., Cora H. McKee, secretary.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS—Magnolia Lodge No. 145, meets every Tuesday night. Visiting knights cordially invited.—C. C. Cluck, Chancellor; J. W. Westbrook, K. R. S.

K. T. M.—Ada Commandery No. 26. Knights Templar Masons meet the third Friday night of each month.—J. C. DEEVER, E. C., F. C. SIMS, Secretary.

A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting of Ada Lodge No. 119, Monday night on or before the full moon in each month.—M. O. Matthews, W. M., F. C. Sims, secretary.

R. A. M.—Ada Chapter No. 26, Royal Arch Masons, meets the second Tuesday night in each month.—W. P. LEE, High Priest, F. C. SIMS, Secretary.

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DOINGS OF THE VAN LOONS—It Does Look a Little Dubious for Father

BY F. LEIPZIGER

THE BLESSING

By ARIA E. CUTTING

(© 1922, by McClure Newspaper Syndicate.)

"There! Everything's all over with!" cried vivacious June as she hurried into the library.

"What's all over with?" inquired Aunt Beth, who sat reading by the fire.

Aunt Beth was loved by everyone. She was a woman of talent and of worldly experience, and in her travels at home and abroad she had made many lasting friendships.

June often went to Aunt Beth for consolation and advice. Her mother was so taken up with social duties that June had always seemed to be left "dangling" somewhere. And it really was lucky for June that Aunt Beth made her home with them some of the time.

"I've broken the engagement. Jack was so angry because I danced with others at the dance the Forbes gave the other night. I don't see why he should be so silly."

"I think you're both wrong, at that," interrupted Aunt Beth, with great firmness. "He was wrong in one sense for being selfish, for he has not the final claim. But the blame really rests upon you, for you probably teased him. I know you, June. I'm afraid you did wrong. He has a right to be selfish. I think Jack is a fine man, and you know it. You're rather temperamental, June. Think it over."

June sighed, opened her mouth as if to speak, but changed her mind. She sat down very decisively in the window-seat and glanced out of the window. Suddenly June looked toward her aunt, and what she saw in that face made her speak.

"Aunt Beth! I'll admit I was wrong. Oh, Aunt Beth! You make me feel so ashamed! How I need you! Just think of what I've done—sent him away! But it's over now, Aunt Beth, and June suddenly stood erect. "I'm not going to worry about it. But it'll be so hard. I s'pose I'll be an old maid now. No one could ever take Jack's place."

She stopped speaking. Was Aunt Beth listening? What did that far-away look mean?

"Aunt Beth, why didn't you ever marry?"

"Well, to make a long story short, I was in a far-off country when I met him—we were to be married—we quarreled—just the same as you and Jack did tonight. Well, we made up, but he went to war—and the next thing I knew he had gone to the land of the unknown. So, you see, I never was claimed. I suppose I am what they call an 'old maid' or as your father puts it, 'unclaimed blessing.' However, all but the blessing."

"Why, Aunt Beth! But I'm glad you told me! How sacred it all is! Why, I really wouldn't mind being an unclaimed blessing if I could be like you!"

Long hours after Aunt Beth had retired, June remained in the library. Try as she might, she could not stay awake. She went to sleep, and dreamed—dreamed of a wonderful book opening before her—a gold-leafed book, with printing of gold! Then it suddenly came to her that this must be God's own book of lives! Yes! There were names there that she knew—and loved. And then she read with amazement:

Your dear Aunt Beth,
One of many of my children—
A happy, sacrificing woman—
A life dedicated in my name—
An unclaimed blessing!
No, claimed in heaven and in earth,
though not wife of mortal man.
My child Beth—

Started, June awoke. The fire had gone out. She sat in the great armchair perfectly rigid, not daring to move.

"But she may be ill. I must go and see if she's all right," she said over and over again to herself.

She rose and turned on the lights. At that moment who should enter the room but Jack! How haggard he appeared! June shrank away in fright.

"What—how—why are you here? How did you get in?" she stammered.

"I just couldn't leave at once. I was passing through the garden there under the window when you and your aunt were talking hours ago. After that I lingered. I don't know why. Then I heard a sudden cry of some one in pain. You see, I couldn't help answering that call—being a doctor. And I got along well—I didn't need you at all. So I let you rest."

"Oh, Jack! How wonderful! I'm so glad! Is she all right?"

"Yes—and guess what I found under her pillow. A little book entitled, 'The Unclaimed Blessing.' I wonder—"

He held it forth.

"Yes, she wrote it. Oh, bless her! She's just the sweetest woman, Jack! And I thank you so much, too. Let's go up and see her again together—"

In a certain distinguished-looking home, a noted doctor and his wife cherish with a love that knows no words a little gold-leafed volume entitled "The Unclaimed Blessing."

"Dead as a Door-Nail,"

According to Archbishop Trench, the noted British philologist, in the old days a broad-headed nail was driven into the front door of a dwelling and the blighted knocker fastened above it. When the latter was used it struck the head of the nail. It was through this circumstance that the expression "as dead as a door nail" came to be employed, meaning that if you had been knocked on the head as often as the nail you wouldn't have much life left in you.

Flats are too small. Notice by changing a little space built-in conveniences become built-in inconveniences.

Lack of Warm Clothing Makes New Year a Holiday of Fear to Russians in Grip of Bitter Cold



New Year's Day, usually a festive date, will be a holiday of fear for at least a million Russian children and their elders. In ringing out the old, they are ringing out the famine of 1922. But in ringing in the new, they are ushering in a continuation of the terrible clothing shortage that today has Russia in its grip.

American Relief Administration workers in every part of Russia declare that children and adults alike have no protection against the bitter weather of January except single garments of unbelievably tattered rags, or of thin flour sacking through which their bare skins show, or even of newspapers stitched together as a substitute for cloth. Children in orphanages huddle together, too cold to play, and in their own homes refuse to venture out-of-doors, even to go to A. R. A. kitchens for their one meal a day. Adults are equally wretched in unheated houses. The price of fuel, like the price of clothing,

is utterly prohibitive. An overcoat costs a year's pay, but coal cannot be secured at any price, and wood to cook a meal costs more than the meal itself.

Herbert Hoover estimates, basing his figures upon reports of A. R. A. workers in Russia, that at least a million children and adults will die during the first few weeks of 1923 unless clothing is sent to them. To make it possible for friends, relatives and sympathizers in the United States to come to the aid of these stricken Russians the American Relief Administration has inaugurated a new clothing remittance package, functioning exactly like the food remittance package of last year. It costs \$20 at the New York headquarters of the A. R. A., 42 Broadway, to have one of these clothing packages delivered to the hands of any designated individual in Russia, or distributed to some undersigned needy case, just as specified by the donor. A receipt will come back to the sender of each package from the Russian who gets the clothing.

Each package contains enough material to save at least two persons from dying of the cold. The items are as follows: 4 1/2 yards of 56-inch 20-ounce dark blue wool cloth, sufficient for a suit of clothes for an adult, or outer garments for two children; 4 yards of black cotton lining; 16 yards of muslin, sufficient for four suits of underwear; 8 yards of flannel, sufficient for two men's shirts or two women's shirtwaists; buttons and thread to make up this material.

Mr. Hoover's work among the nations of Europe, says the January issue of "Our World" magazine, has made him the "Envoy of Understanding" in carrying America's support in a way that prevented Europe's collapse. And now with millions of persons in Russia "too cold to eat," as the magazine puts it, he has undertaken the plan outlined above to furnish clothing to replace "tatters that were garments eight years ago."

INJUNCTION NOW SOUGHT BY CHIEF

(Continued from Page One)

united force, who have been connected with the department for years should be given preference if Price was not to be returned to the force.

Mayor Fisher then declared that he was managing the fire department and having promised the job to the new man, would stick by his promise, ordering Chief Jones to accept him. This Mr. Jones refused to do. Mayor Fisher told him he would have to do it, or a successor to him would be named. Mr. Jones is quoted as having instructed Mayor Fisher to get the successor.

Maxey was then nominated as fire chief. He reported for duty last night but members of the old force refused to recognize him. A meeting of the department was held and regular business disposed of. Mayor Fisher was present and demanded to know who would support the new chief. No pledges were made.

Maxey and the new man, named Smith and formerly employed a Standfield's grocery, retired from the station on advice from Mr. Jones who said he would remain until the matter was fully settled and keep the responsibility of the department until the new force was ready to take over matters. There was no hard feeling between the two men, both declared today.

No Ill Feeling Exists.

Somer Jones Tuesday morning declared that he had retained counsel and was going to present his case before the city commission this afternoon. The city charter grants the mayor full control of the fire department, but provides that the appointment of a chief must be confirmed by the other commissioners. If the commissioners confirm the nomination of Maxey, Jones will not have any alternative other than getting out, Mayor Fisher said.

On explaining the case today the mayor issued the following statement:

"There was just a misunderstanding between Mr. Jones and myself, which resulted in the change. I won't have a man working for me who refuses to do as I tell him. I accepted his ultimatum and am standing on my own feet. I refuse to recede from my stand."

This morning Commissioners J. C. Deavers and Walter Smith refused to comment on the situation. "That is entirely out of our jurisdiction and we refuse to talk," they asserted.

Further action is withheld until after the commission meets this afternoon. Mayor Fisher said that if his nomination of Maxey was confirmed that a new department would be installed tomorrow. Friends of both sides were anxiously watching the commissioners' action this afternoon. The meeting started at two o'clock.

Following is the signed statement of Somer Jones:

"When the new commissioners went into office several months ago Mayor Fisher instructed me to conduct the fire department as I had been doing. He had previously accepted several recommendations I had made and never questioned any action on my part in carrying out the duties of the office. I was responsible to him and my men to me. I was surprised that the mayor would so abruptly end this method

HERE IS SPORTS SUIT WITH SNAP



A sports suit with snap is this costume which shows a huge plaid skirt of gray, black and white with a short jacket of pearl gray astrakhan cloth. A gray wool sports hat made with a severe crown and rolling brim completes the costume.

OBITUARY

John B. Dalley died at his home six miles southwest of Ada at 11:30 Monday morning. Funeral services were held at one o'clock Tuesday afternoon and interment took place in Lightning Ridge cemetery. He died of pneumonia. He is survived by two brothers and five sisters.

Call for State Banks.

OKLAHOMA CITY, Jan. 2.—A call for the condition of all state banks at the close of business December 29 was issued today by the state bank examiner, Roy Wolcott.

Try a News Want Ad for results

A Good Thing—DON'T MISS IT. Send your name and address plainly written together with 5 cents (and this slip) to Chamberlain Medicine Co., Des Moines, Iowa, and receive in return a trial package containing Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, for coughs, colds, croup, bronchitis, "flu" and whooping coughs, and tickling throat; Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets for stomach troubles, indigestion, gassy pains that crowd the heart, biliousness and constipation; Chamberlain's Salve, needed in every family for burns, scalds, wounds, piles, and skin affections; these valued family medicines for only 5 cents. Don't miss it.

Mam Street

—BY—
V.L.H.

(Sidelights on the evolution of the modern dance as seen by old-timers at the New Years Elks struggle.)

Whizz-z-Bang—Whew-Whow Jelly! With a few other barbaric utterances, the ringmaster yelled, "On with the dance!"

This was hardly necessary for well-oiled, lithe athletes in bell bottom trousers with sashes in everything, accompanied by their blase' partners were already operating a world entirely unknown to the bewildered followers of the old dance. Veterans saw remarkable changes in their old pastime and frankly admitted that members of the young set were some athletes as well as dancers.

With avowed intentions of never missing another such show, old timers are bidding strong for ring side seats, where protected by shin guards, they declare they will not miss a moment's entertainment.

Several old-timers admitted that they attempted to participate in the struggle but younger blood made their attempt so meager that once was enough. The resplendent show of old-time grace and ease on the floor proved in the danger when an energetic couple whizzed by and big-footed boy planted a No. 11 on the firm and steady step of the old-timer.

With a tenacious determination to come back after the lapse of the modern dance, some old-timers have announced that they will purchase wigs, Staycomb, vaseline oil and consume a needed amount of Nuxated Iron in an effort to again make their debut and stay in the new dance craze of "catch as catch can."

"Hump" Smith was acclaimed winner in several wrestling matches.

Joe Cole and Hugh Biles, standing at a safe distance, placed a small bet that Smith would either drop dead in a period of the dance, throw his partner out the window, kick a hole in the floor or develop into a raving maniac. Bets were drawn when the dance ended and smiling and apparently with no loss of exertion, both drew new partners and began life all anew again.

News has spread over the city that "Hump" has been employed by Barnum, Barnum saying that such splendid efforts would make any trapeze artist take to the shade.

"Puddo's" interpretation of the "Dance of the Apache" was a howling success, critics say.

Old-timers, who have money invested in the banks of the city, are endeavoring to learn the name of the youth who sneaked across the floor with that bank-robber look in his eye.

Oh! Bring back the dances operated according to Hoyle.

Sam Huser, who was considered in his day (six months ago) good; sat in a trance and viewed the changes in his dance. Now Sam plans buying a wig, a jar of Staycomb and taking daily mat and trapeze work preparatory to staging a dramatic come-back.

Charlie Zorn declares that it is the first wrestling match he ever witnessed with so many preliminaries.

Consternation reigned when a waltz was rendered by the orchestra. Girls sat in their corners and pouted and the men consoled them. Those who danced knocked off the waltz at the same gait and laughed at the orchestra's attempt to quiet the stampede.

Nazarene Revival

The revival at the church of the Nazarene moves on with great progress. Last night was one of the greatest services yet.

Seven adults found God. The people were held spell bound under the preaching of evangelist Ellis, as he expounded from the Text "Be sure your sin will find you out."

Everybody come and give all the help you can. You are Welcome.

Nips Colds Quick! Sure!



First teaspoonful relieves scratchy, congested feeling in your throat. Phlegm loosens, inflamed tissues are soothed. Follow the directions on the bottle. Such welcome relief! Your cough eases—your cold breaks up. Now—not when it's serious—ask your druggist for DR. KING'S NEW DISCOVERY—a syrup for coughs & colds

TO OUR MANY FRIENDS AND PATRONS:

If our sincerest wish comes true, this will be the happiest and most prosperous New Year for you.

STALL'S STUDIO
Over Globe Clothing Store

DUNCAN PASSES IN ADA HISTORY

Peace Officer Weathers Tide of Eventful History in Pontotoc County.

Bob Duncan, who until Monday morning was sheriff of Pontotoc county, was free today for the first time in fifteen years.

"I feel like a prisoner just out of jail," he said. "No, I don't know what I will do, but for a while I am just going to stay around home and get acquainted with my family."

When Oklahoma was admitted to the union, Mr. Duncan became deputy sheriff. Six years later he took up the duties of high sheriff and for the past nine years has served as such. During this long period of continued service he has not had a day's vacation and every minute of that time he was subject to call at any time.

"I never drew my gun on but one man," he said. "I never used force in making arrests and never had a man escape from my jail. I had four to escape before being placed in jail, but I captured them all again."

There is not a crime a man can be charged with that has not come under his notice, he said. "I have arrested men for all crimes and complaints that could be formed under law and some that could't, he declared.

Mr. Duncan turned over the duties of his office to J. E. Sloan, who was elected in November, Monday morning. "I am out now and feel somewhat lost," he added. "I had the responsibility and duty so long that it has almost grown to be a part of me."

Although his record is apparently a "tame one" from the point of pistol engagements and other clashes where arms featured, Mr. Duncan has experienced more real thrills than any sheriff in Oklahoma, his friends declare.

He has participated in numerous still raids with prohibition officers, outlaws, gone into dangerous territory and come out unscathed. He has been in places where only a steady nerve and unflinching eye could carry a man through, deputies who have marched shoulder to shoulder with him in the work of keeping peace, assert as they pass over the events of fifteen long and eventful years.

Mr. Duncan declined to state what he was considering doing, saying that he had nothing definite planned. It was indicated, however, that whatever he did take up would be in a retired life.

Try News Want Ads for results.

Start the Year Right with a New Dress



Pattern No. 4144

It is made in all sizes from 32 to 44. And the Deltor shows the pattern laid out on the goods for all the sizes.

YOU can make this simple slip-over dress in your spare time. At our piece-goods counter you will find suitable materials, silks, satins, crepe de Chine, or charmeuse in the new shades. How much shall you buy? On the envelope of your Butterick Pattern you will find the exact amount for all sizes. Size 36, for instance, requires 4 1/2 yards of 36-inch material. And inside the envelope you will find the Deltor, the wonderful dressmaking guide that tells you how to make the dress and even the twisted girdle of stuffed tubing with which it is trimmed.

Buy Butterick Patterns with the Deltor!

Stevens-Wilson Co.

A leading society map of Philadelphia, getting bald, had a wig made from part of his wife's hair.

Announcement--

This store is now under the exclusive management of Mrs. A. W. White, she having taken over the interest of Mrs. C. D. Price on January 1st. We will be pleased to have a continuance of the cordial business relations which have heretofore existed between our many customers and ourselves.

Just arrived: New Crepes, Taffetas
Suits for Spring 1923

LA VOGUE

MRS. A. W. WHITE

112 West Main Phone 631

THEATER McSWAIN THEATER

THE PLAYHOUSE OF CHARACTER

Last Day Showing

"THE MAN WHO SAW TOMORROW"

Featuring

Thomas Meighan

Supported by Leatrice Joy, Theodore Roberts, June Elvidge and Eva Novak

Coming Wednesday

KATHERINE MacDONALD

"THE INFIDEL"

A wonderful figure in a maelstrom of regeneration, romance and revolt. A drama that's all different.